

Knowledge Outcomes

Chocolate is made from cacao beans.
Cacao trees are native to the Amazon
Basin in South America.
Cacao trees grow in warm, humid
climates with high rainfall.
Countries close to the Equator have ideal
conditions for growing cacao trees.
Fair trade chocolate farmers are paid
fairly for their product from countries all
over the world.
Challenge:

Chocolate is imported into Great Britain because the UK doesn't have a suitable climate to grow cacao pods.



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Strength Lies in Difference

Children to begin to be familiar with these key terms and understand their meaning: Discrimination, Wealthy, Society, Perception, Stereotype, Heritage, Ethnicity and Identity

Children to be familiar with inspirational and aspirational role models from the African/Caribbean/Asian/Chinese communities

Physical Development

Health Related Education

Develop children's knowledge of how the body functions/changes during exercise
Develop children's ability to exercise at different intensities

Develop children's knowledge of how the food & drink we consume affects our body

Multi-skills

Throw and catch displaying with accuracy, in isolation and varied environments

Become competent in the FUNdamentals of movement (Jog, Sprint, Hop, Weight on Hands, Jump, Balance & Coordination)

Use FUNdamentals of movement to employ simple tactics in competitive environments

Personal, Social and Emotional Development

PSCHE: Relationships

How can we be a good friend?
Understand how friendships support wellbeing and the

importance of seeking support if feeling lonely or excluded
Learn how to recognise if others are feeling lonely and excluded and find strategies to include them

Learn how to build good friendships, including identifying qualities that contribute to positive friendships

Know that friendships sometimes have difficulties, and how to manage when there is a problem or an argument between friends, resolve disputes and reconcile differences

Know how to recognise if a friendship is making them unhappy, feel uncomfortable or unsafe and how to ask for support

R.E.: Symbols in religion

Know every day signs and symbols have a meaning. Understand the importance of symbols and what they represent.

Know different religions have symbols e.g. Cross, Star of David, Crescent Moon, Wheel of Life, Om, Khanda etc.

Know that movements and activities (rituals) can also be symbolic.

Understand that within religions, different groups may place more emphasis on symbolism and ritual than others e.g. within Christianity, Orthodox and evangelical Christians.

AUTUMN TERM 1 Objectives Delightful Dahl Year 3

Languages

Getting started

Say a greeting
Say own name and how they are feeling
Can attempt a question about name and feelings
Remember and say most numbers between 1 and 10
Remember and say 6 colours

Understanding of the World

Geography:

Locate some of the world's countries, focusing on those in South America, concentrating on their environmental regions, and key physical and human characteristics. Identify the position and significance of the Equator. Describe and understand key aspects of physical geography – climate zones, rivers

Describe and understand key aspects of human geography – types of settlements, distribution of natural resources Use maps, atlases and globes to locate the countries and features studied

Science: Light

Recognise the need for light in order to see things and that dark is the absence of light

Notice that light is reflected from surfaces
Recognise that light from the sun can be dangerous and that there are ways to protect their eyes
Recognise that shadows are formed when the light from a

light source is blocked by an opaque object

Find patterns in the way that the size of shadows change.

Computing: E-Safety

Explain why we need passwords and know that they should be kept safe Follow some e-safety rules Recognise online adverts

English / Mathematics

Please see termly Success and Challenge cards

Expressive Art and Design

Art / Design

Children learn to develop their drawing skills charcoal, pencils and sketching. They can incorporate previously learned techniques i.e. line, shape (geometric and irregular), colour and space.

Music

Listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory.

Appreciate and understand a wide range of high-quality live and recorded music drawn from different traditions and from great composers and musicians.